

Scaling national intangible capital NIC indexes



OR

IMPORTANCE OF ACCURACY

Motto

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It takes something more than the usual
“willing suspension of disbelief”
to talk seriously of the aggregate production function.

Robert Solow
Technical Change and
the Aggregate Production Function
1957

Ranking vs Effect of NIC drivers

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Scaling NIC drivers involves the question, whether the reference is per capita, per employed or per GDP etc.?

We will demonstrate that effects of NIC and underlying NIC drivers are utterly sensitive to scaling. Our research clearly indicates that in general

- Where the ranking remains the same the effect however either *improves* or *declines*.

In addition:

- In several cases where the ranking *improves* (*declines*) the effect de facto *decline* (*improve*).
- In several cases where the ranking seemingly is unchanged the effect de facto *significantly* improves or declines.

Scaling NIC drivers / per capita vs employed

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Should we scale and measure a nations "FTE Researchers" by per capita or per employed?

	Total R&D personnel nationwide per capita						
	Original Value	Rank	per Cap to per Emp Ratio	per Emp adjusted Value	Rank	Change Rank	Effect %
Denmark	8,24	4	1,98	7,66	4	0	-15,29
Finland	10,65	1	2,19	10,95	1	0	8,07
Iceland	9,97	2	1,82	8,51	2	0	-38,73
Norway	6,65	7	1,96	6,13	10	-3	-13,83
Sweden	8,29	3	2,06	8,00	3	0	-7,51
Germany	5,95	11	2,09	5,82	12	-1	-3,31
US	n/a	n/a	2,11	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
China	1,11	34	1,73	0,90	37	-3	-5,54
India	0,33	41	2,77	0,43	41	0	2,61
Note	Rank calculated out of 45 countries						

Scaling NIC drivers / per capita vs cohort

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Should we scale and measure a nations "Expenditure on education as % of GDP" by acknowledging the "Cohort of people under 15"?

	Expenditure of Education, % of GDP		Cohort 0-15 yrs % of Pop	Cohort adjusted	Change		
	Original				Value	Rank	Rank
	Value	Rank		Value	Rank	Rank	Effect %
Denmark	8,09	2	18,60	8,43	1	1	6,88
Finland	6,23	9	17,35	6,97	9	0	14,70
Iceland	7,18	4	21,80	6,38	12	-8	-15,93
Norway	6,06	12	19,57	6,01	15	-3	-1,12
Sweden	7,37	3	17,38	8,22	2	1	17,11
Germany	4,23	31	14,39	5,70	20	11	29,49
US	6,68	6	20,52	6,31	13	-7	-7,40
China	2,83	46	18,99	2,89	39	7	1,18
India	3,42	44	32,82	2,02	46	-2	-28,06
Note	Rank calculated out of 48 countries						

Scaling NIC drivers / per capita vs resource

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Should we scale and measure an nations "Patents per year" by acknowledging per capita or per R&D resources?

Scaling NIC drivers / per capita vs DGP

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Or ... Should we scale and measure an nations "Patents per year" by acknowledging per capita or per GDP?

Aggregating NIC drivers / urbanization

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According to our research NIC drivers generally correlate negatively to a nations rural proportion and positively to its urban proportion. Should e.g. a nations Renewal Capital RC be aggregated acknowledging its metropol-urban-rural structure?

Renewal Capital RC / Trend 2011							
	Original RC 2011 Trend		Mertop % of Pop	Enhancing via urbanization		Change	
	Value	Rank		Value	Rank	Rank	Effect %
Denmark	6,97	6	26,20	6,97	7	-1	0,01
Finland	7,60	2	21,06	7,27	4	-2	-14,03
Iceland	5,61	16	40,88	5,77	17	-1	6,77
Norway	6,09	11	30,86	6,04	13	-2	-2,12
Sweden	7,43	3	22,66	7,37	3	0	-2,58
Germany	6,45	8	28,20	6,35	10	-2	-4,18
US	7,12	5	61,50	7,42	2	3	13,07
China	3,23	37	19,00	3,01	40	-3	-9,17
India	3,61	31	14,29	3,24	34	-3	-16,05
Note	Rank calculated out of 48 countries						

Aggregating NIC drivers / capitalizing over time

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Effects of investments in e.g. human capital via education materializes (and enter the labor markets) with a time lag – at least to some extent with a time lag. To measure effective NIC: Should we capitalize NIC and NIC drivers giving earlier indicator values a higher weight when expressing today's situation?

NIC Human Capital HC 2010							
	Original HC 2010			Capitalizing 2001 - 10		Change	
	Value	Rank		Value	Rank	Rank	Effect %
Denmark	8,76	1		8,70	4	-3	-2,34
Finland	8,65	3		8,95	1	2	11,97
Iceland	8,72	2		8,81	2	0	3,60
Norway	8,50	4		8,56	9	-5	2,12
Sweden	8,46	7		8,80	3	4	13,48
Germany	7,95	20		7,88	19	1	-3,03
US	8,50	5		8,56	8	-3	2,45
China	6,13	44		5,72	47	-3	-16,69
India	5,60	48		5,54	48	0	-2,25
Note	Rank calculated out of 48 countries Only composite, aggregated HC capitalized						

Two conclusions

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The previous examples has two consequences:

1. From the point of view of NIC *effects* focusing on rankings is simply misleading and wrong. Rankings may improve while real effects decline and vice versa. Likewise the ranking says nothing of the effect of that ranking level.
2. When *augmenting* the production function, e.g. when NIC indexes are incorporated into the production function, conceptual accuracy is of the essence.